

# AFM Electrical Characterization

The ResiScope II is a unique system able to measure Resistance over 10 decades with a high sensitivity and resolution. It can be combined with several dynamic modes as MFM/EFM or KFM single pass providing several sample characterizations on the same scan area.

The measurement is made by applying a DC bias between the sample and a conductive AFM probe (tip at virtual ground). The tip is scanned in contact mode using the laser deflection for the AFM feedback. As an independent measurement, the ResiScope II measures the sample resistance through the High Performance Amplifier (HPA). The sample is scanned byt the probe in contact mode using the laser deflection for the AFM feedback

## What is ResiScope ?

A dual measurement system :

- > Resistance measurement
- > Current measurement (& IV spectroscopy)
- > Compatible with
  - Oscillating mode (Tapping / AC mode )
  - EFM/MFM or Single-pass KFM
- > Resistance 10<sup>2</sup> ohms to 10<sup>12</sup> ohms (10 decades dynamic)
- > Output information :
  - R
  - -Log R
  - Current & I/V Spectroscopy

## The Best AFM experience

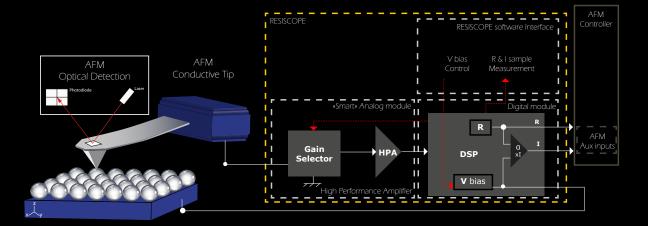
Resicope combined with the Nano-Observer AFM will deliver the best AFM electrical characterization result.



Concept Scientific CS Instruments

## ResiScope Principle

During the measurement, the DSP chooses in real time the best gain to optimize the measurement made by the amplifier module (HPA). This operating condition allows a very high sensitivity on all the range of resistivity at a regular scan speed (AFM). Contrary to other techniques, the current between the probe and the sample is strongly reduced. This has the result of limiting the local effect of oxidation or electrochemistry and protecting the conductive probe from high current damage.

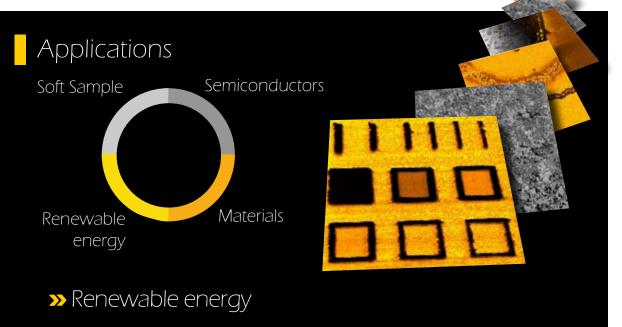


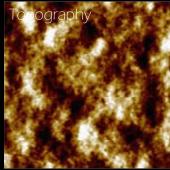
ResiScope is a smart real-time control of the appropriate ranges to obtain the best measurement (sensitivity and range). It limits the current through tip and sample is limited to prevent any damage. It is more than a simple linear or Log amplifier used for a basic current measurement

### ResiScope II Awards

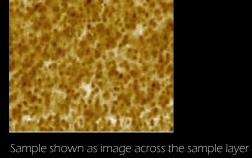
« Yves Rocard 2014 » prize
FIEEC prize For Applied Research at « RDV Carnot 2013 »

**66** The World's Greatest Performance for AFM Electrical Characterization



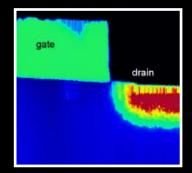


Organic Solar Cell sample,



Resistance

>>> Semiconductors

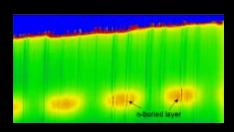


PMOS-transistor, scan size 1.5 µm

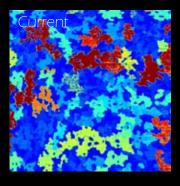
#### >> Materials



50 Å gold deposition on doped silicon



n-Buried layer, scan size 7 µm



### Soft ResiScope Mode True Quantitative Resistance/ Current Measurements

#### » Intermittent Contact

This unique and innovative AFM mode is able to expand the fields of applications of the « ResiScope II » to soft samples such as organic solar cells, conducting polymers or other biological samples, while retaining its wide measuring range (10 decades).

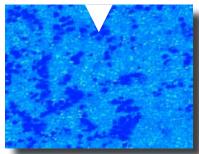
The Soft ResiScope principle is based on intermittent contact. The lack of friction and the constant force of the tip on the sample provide quantitative measurements without damaging the surface of delicate samples.

- > Unique Technology
- > NO Friction
- Constant Force = Quantitative Electrical Measurements

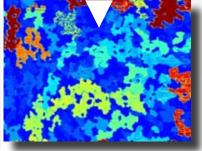
**66** Soft ResiScope :

## Electrical characterization on soft sample

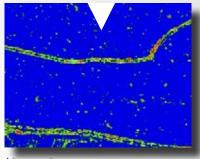
#### » Preserved performance & sample



P3HT, Organic Solar Cell



Gold deposition on doped silicon



Sample bias

Nano-tubes

## Specifications

Resistance range Current range (estimated current) AFM compatibility

Compatible AFM mode Operating Environment Power Supply

Interface

#### $10^2\,\Omega$ to $10^{12}\,\Omega$

50 fA to 1 mA

CSInstruments : Nano-Observer UHV : please contact us Contact / Tapping / AC mode, EFM / MFM / KFM Windows® XP/ window 7 (32/64 bits) Framework AC 100-240V 47-63Hz, 1A The appliance must be properly grounded. USB (2.0 - 3.0 compatible)



More information about ResiScope II

WWW.CSINSTRUMENTS.EU